Too and Enough — Worksheet

30 exercises · Level A1–A2 · Answer key on the last page Free for classroom use

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Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

Choose the correct option (a–d) for each gap or question. Check yourself with the answer key on the last page.

1. I can't wear these shoes — they're _____ small.
   a) too b) too much c) too many d) enough

2. You're driving _____ fast. Please slow down!
   a) too much b) enough c) too d) very much

3. There's _____ sugar in this tea — I can't drink it.
   a) too much b) too many c) too d) so many

4. There were _____ people on the bus, so we waited for the next one.
   a) too much b) too many c) too d) very much

5. This coffee isn't hot _____. Can you heat it up for me?
   a) enough b) very c) much d) so

6. We don't have _____ chairs for everyone, so can you bring two more?
   a) too b) much c) very d) enough

7. The fence isn't _____ to keep our dog in, so he often gets out.
   a) enough high b) high enough c) so high d) very high

8. Do we have _____ to make a big cake for the party?
   a) eggs enough b) much eggs c) enough eggs d) too much eggs

9. She ran fast, but not fast _____ to catch the bus.
   a) too b) enough c) so d) too much

10. You work _____ — you look really tired.
    a) too many b) very c) too much d) so many

11. I was _____ tired to cook, so we ordered a pizza.
    a) too b) very c) enough d) so

12. Is the ice on the lake thick enough _____ on?
    a) for walk b) walking c) to walk d) walk

13. We didn't have _____ time to visit the castle, so we'll go back next year.
    a) many b) very c) too d) enough

14. This sofa is too heavy _____ to carry upstairs.
    a) to me b) for I c) for me d) me

15. This jacket is too big _____ my son, but it fits me perfectly.
a) to b) at c) with d) for

16. There are _____ cars in the city centre, and the air is terrible.
a) too much b) too c) too many d) so much

17. I spent _____ money last month, so this month I'm cooking at home.
a) too much b) too many c) much too d) too

18. She didn't study hard _____, so she failed the exam.
a) very b) enough c) so d) quite

19. My brother is too shy _____ to people he doesn't know.
a) for talk b) talk c) to talking d) to talk

20. My grandmother is over ninety, but she's still _____ to live on her own.
a) enough healthy b) healthy enough c) so healthy d) too much healthy

21. It was a _____ nice day, so we had lunch in the park.
a) very b) too c) enough d) so

22. The guide spoke _____ quickly for us to understand everything.
a) very b) enough c) so d) too

23. These jeans are _____ short — they aren't long _____.
a) too … enough b) enough … too c) too much … enough d) too … very

24. The talk was _____ boring that half the audience left early.
a) too b) so c) very d) such

25. Mia is old _____ to babysit, but she's still _____ young to drive.
a) too … enough b) enough … too much c) very … too d) enough … too

26. Which sentence is correct?
a) This exercise is too much difficult for me.
b) This exercise is too difficult for me.
c) This exercise is enough difficult for me.
d) This exercise is difficult too much for me.

27. Which sentence is correct?
a) She isn't enough old to travel alone.
b) She isn't old enough for travel alone.
c) She isn't old enough to travel alone.
d) She isn't enough old for travel alone.

28. Which sentence is correct?
a) We don't have enough plates for everyone.
b) We don't have enough plates to everyone.
c) We don't have the enough plates for everyone.
d) We don't have much plates for everyone.

29. Which sentence is correct?
a) There is too many traffic in the mornings.
b) There are too much cars in the mornings.
c) There is too much traffics in the mornings.
d) There is too much traffic in the mornings.

30. Which sentence is correct?
a) I'm very full to eat any dessert.
b) I'm too much full to eat any dessert.
c) I'm too full to eat any dessert.
d) I'm too full for eat any dessert.

Answer Key

Too and Enough · Explanations are shortened — the full interactive version is at gramvoy.com/exercises/too-enough/

1. a) too

Too goes straight before an adjective and means more than is good — here the shoes don't fit: too small.

2. c) too

Too also goes before an adverb: too fast = faster than is safe, so slow down.

3. a) too much

Sugar is uncountable, so it takes too much: more sugar than you want.

4. b) too many

People is plural, so too many: more people than there was room for.

5. a) enough

Enough comes after an adjective: not hot enough = less hot than you want, so it needs heating.

6. d) enough

Before a noun, enough comes first: enough chairs = as many as we need — and we need two more.

7. b) high enough

Enough follows the adjective — high enough — and to keep says what it should make possible.

8. c) enough eggs

With a noun, enough comes first: enough eggs = as many as the cake needs.

9. b) enough

Not + adverb + enough means less than needed: she wasn't fast enough, so she missed the bus.

10. c) too much

After a verb, too much stands on its own: work too much = more than is good for you.

11. a) too

Too + adjective + to means something can't happen: too tired to cook = I couldn't cook.

12. c) to walk

After adjective + enough, the verb takes to: thick enough to walk on = safe to walk on.

13. d) enough

Enough + noun + to says what is possible: not enough time to visit = we couldn't visit.

14. c) for me

To say who the problem is for, use for + an object pronoun before to: too heavy for me to carry.

15. d) for

Too + adjective + for + a person says who has the problem: it is too big for my son, though it fits me.

16. c) too many

Cars is plural, so too many: more cars than is good, and the bad air is the problem.

17. a) too much

Money is uncountable, so too much: I spent more than I should, so now I'm saving.

18. b) enough

Not + adverb + enough = less than needed: she didn't study hard enough, so she failed.

19. d) to talk

After too + adjective, the verb takes to + the base form: too shy to talk = so shy that he can't talk.

20. b) healthy enough

Adjective + enough + to says what is possible: she is healthy enough to live alone.

21. a) very

Nothing is wrong — the weather is a reason to eat outside — so very: a very nice day.

22. d) too

For us to understand shows a result that didn't happen, so too: too quickly for us to understand = we couldn't understand it all.

23. a) too … enough

Two ways to say one thing: too short = not long enough.

24. b) so

A result clause with that needs so: so boring that people left.

25. d) enough … too

Enough follows old and means it is possible: she can babysit.

26. b) This exercise is too difficult for me.

Before an adjective, use too on its own: too difficult for me.

27. c) She isn't old enough to travel alone.

Enough follows the adjective — old enough — and the verb after it takes to: old enough to travel.

28. a) We don't have enough plates for everyone.

Before a noun, enough comes first and needs no article: enough plates.

29. d) There is too much traffic in the mornings.

Traffic is uncountable: no plural -s, a singular verb and too much.

30. c) I'm too full to eat any dessert.

Too + adjective + to means something is impossible: too full to eat = I can't eat any more.