Make oder Do? — Arbeitsblatt

30 Übungen · Niveau B1–B2 · Lösungen auf der letzten Seite Kostenlos für den Unterricht

Scannen und online üben

Name _____ Klasse _____ Datum _____

Wähle für jede Lücke oder Frage die richtige Antwort (a–d). Die Lösungen findest du auf der letzten Seite.

1. My brother _____ the cooking at home, and I clean the kitchen afterwards.
   a) do b) makes c) doing d) does

2. I _____ a terrible mistake yesterday — I sent the email to the wrong person.
   a) did b) made c) maked d) make

3. Have you _____ your homework yet, or are you still working on it?
   a) did b) made c) doing d) done

4. Could you be a bit quieter? You _____ a lot of noise at the moment.
   a) are doing b) are making c) make d) were making

5. She has _____ a lot of progress with her English since September.
   a) done b) did c) make d) made

6. What _____ your sister _____? — She's a nurse at the local hospital.
   a) does … make b) do … do c) does … do d) does … does

7. I _____ my best in the interview, but they gave the job to someone else.
   a) did b) made c) done d) do

8. These shoes _____ in Italy, and the leather is very soft.
   a) were done b) made c) were made d) did

9. What _____ you _____? — I'm writing an email to my landlord.
   a) are … doing b) do … doing c) do … do d) did … do

10. Thanks for _____ me that favour last week — I really appreciated it.
    a) making b) doing c) do d) did

11. Every morning I _____ my bed before I have breakfast.
    a) do b) makes c) does d) make

12. I try to _____ some exercise every day, even if it's only a short walk.
    a) do b) make c) doing d) makes

13. We need to _____ a decision by Friday, or we'll lose the offer.
    a) do b) doing c) make d) did

14. He's quite lazy at home — he never _____ any housework.
    a) makes b) does c) do d) make

15. My tooth hurts, so I'm going to _____ an appointment with the dentist.
a) do b) take c) make d) did

16. The storm _____ a lot of damage to the houses near the river.
a) made b) did c) done d) make

17. She _____ a lot of money when she sold her company last year.
a) did b) done c) makes d) made

18. It's my first week at the new school, and I haven't _____ any friends yet.
a) done b) made c) did d) make

19. Please _____ an effort to arrive on time tomorrow — the meeting starts at nine.
a) do b) take c) make d) done

20. Don't forget to _____ sure the windows are closed before you leave.
a) make b) do c) get d) take

21. You _____ your best, so don't worry if you _____ a few mistakes.
a) made … did b) did … did c) made … made d) did … made

22. Can you _____ me a favour and _____ a reservation for dinner? My phone is dead.
a) do … make b) make … do c) do … do d) make … make

23. If you want to _____ money, you need to _____ business with people you trust.
a) do … make b) make … make c) do … do d) make … do

24. He _____ a promise to help me move, and in the end he _____ most of the packing.
a) did … made b) made … made c) made … did d) did … did

25. The kids have _____ a mess in the kitchen, so now they're _____ the cleaning.
a) made … doing b) done … making c) made … making d) done … doing

26. Welcher Satz ist richtig?
a) I made a lot of research for my essay.
b) I did a lot of research for my essay.
c) I did a lot of researches for my essay.
d) I have made a lot of research for my essay.

27. Welcher Satz ist richtig?
a) Can I do a suggestion? Let's meet at the café instead.
b) Can I tell a suggestion? Let's meet at the café instead.
c) Can I make a suggest? Let's meet at the café instead.
d) Can I make a suggestion? Let's meet at the café instead.

28. Was ist richtig?
a) What did you do last night? — I stayed in and read a book.
b) What did you make last night? — I stayed in and read a book.
c) What did you did last night? — I stayed in and read a book.
d) What have you done last night? — I stayed in and read a book.

29. Welcher Satz ist richtig?
a) She spends a long time making her hair in the morning.
b) She spends a long time doing her hairs in the morning.
c) She spends a long time doing her hair in the morning.
d) She spends a long time to do her hair in the morning.

30. Welcher Satz ist richtig?
a) It doesn't do any difference to me where we eat.
b) It doesn't make any difference to me where we eat.
c) It doesn't makes any difference to me where we eat.
d) It doesn't made any difference to me where we eat.

Lösungen

Make oder Do? Übungen · Die Erklärungen sind gekürzt — die interaktive Version mit allen Erklärungen: gramvoy.com/de/uebungen/make-oder-do/

1. d) does
Kochen ist eine Tätigkeit, deshalb steht do: do the cooking.

2. b) made
Zu mistake gehört im Englischen make, und yesterday verlangt das simple…

3. d) done
Zu homework gehört do, und nach have steht das Partizip Perfekt: do –…

4. b) are making
Zu noise gehört make, und at the moment verlangt das present…

5. d) made
Progress gehört zu make (wie „Fortschritte machen"), und nach has steht…

6. c) does … do
What does she do? fragt nach dem Beruf, deshalb steht do zweimal: das…

7. a) did
Die Wendung heißt do your best, und gave zeigt eine abgeschlossene…

8. c) were made
Schuhe werden hergestellt, also steht make.

9. a) are … doing
Die Antwort beschreibt eine Handlung, die gerade läuft, also heißt die…

10. b) doing
Die Wendung heißt do someone a favour („jemandem einen Gefallen tun"),…

11. d) make
Wie im Deutschen („das Bett machen") heißt es make the bed, eine feste…

12. a) do
Bewegung ist eine Tätigkeit, deshalb steht do: try to do some exercise.

13. c) make
Zu decision gehört make: We need to make a decision.

14. b) does
Housework ist Arbeit im Haushalt, deshalb steht do: he never does any…

15. c) make
Einen Termin vereinbaren heißt make an appointment: make.

16. b) did
Damage steht in einer festen Wendung mit do: do damage, in der…

17. d) made
Geld ist ein Ergebnis, das du erzeugst, also make money; last year…

18. b) made
Die Wendung heißt make friends, und nach haven't steht das Partizip…

19. c) make
Zu effort gehört make: Please make an effort.

20. a) make
Make sure bedeutet „sich vergewissern, dass etwas so ist" und ist eine…

21. d) did … made
Zwei feste Wendungen mit verschiedenen Verben: do your best → did, make…

22. a) do … make
Bei einem Gefallen steht do (Can you do me a favour), bei einer Buchung…

23. d) make … do
Geld ist ein Ergebnis, also make money; Handel ist eine Tätigkeit, also…

24. c) made … did
„Ein Versprechen geben" heißt make a promise → made.

25. a) made … doing
Ein Chaos ist ein Ergebnis, also make a mess → have made; Cleaning ist…

26. b) I did a lot of research for my essay.
Research ist Arbeit, deshalb steht do: I did a lot of research.

27. d) Can I make a suggestion? Let's meet at the café instead.
Zu suggestion gehört make: Can I make a suggestion?

28. a) What did you do last night? — I stayed in and read a book.
Nach Tätigkeiten fragt man mit do, hier zweimal: What did you do?

29. c) She spends a long time doing her hair in the morning.
Sich frisieren heißt do your hair, und nach spend time steht -ing:…

30. b) It doesn't make any difference to me where we eat.
Die Wendung heißt make a difference: It doesn't make any difference to…