Adjektive auf -ed und -ing — Arbeitsblatt

Scannen und online üben

30 Übungen · Niveau A1–A2 · Lösungen auf der letzten Seite Kostenlos für den Unterricht

Name _____ Klasse _____ Datum _____

Wähle für jede Lücke oder Frage die richtige Antwort (a–d). Die Lösungen findest du auf der letzten Seite.

1. There was nothing to do at the hotel, so I soon got _____ and went for a walk.
   a) bored b) boring c) bore d) boreing
2. The film was so _____ that half the audience left before the end.
   a) bored b) boreing c) boring d) bore
3. My sister is very _____ in old cars and reads everything about them.
   a) interesting b) interested c) interest d) intrested
4. It was a long, _____ journey, and we arrived after midnight.
   a) tiring b) tired c) tireing d) tirring
5. The children couldn't sleep because they were so _____ about the trip.
   a) exciting b) excite c) excitted d) excited
6. I was _____ by how cheap the tickets were.
   a) surprising b) surprised c) suprised d) surprise
7. The prices in this shop are _____ — everything costs twice as much as last year.
   a) shocked b) shoking c) shocking d) shock
8. My brother is _____ about his job interview tomorrow.
   a) worried b) worryed c) worry d) worring
9. The view from the top of the tower was _____ — we took hundreds of photos.
   a) amazed b) amazing c) amazeing d) amaze
10. I felt really _____ when I called my new teacher by the wrong name.
    a) embarrassing b) embarassed c) embarrassed d) embarrass
11. You look _____. Did you go to bed late last night?
    a) tiring b) tired c) tierd d) tireing
12. I find horror films too _____ — I can't watch them on my own.
    a) frightening b) frightened c) frightning d) frighten
13. Tom was _____ that I forgot his birthday.
    a) annoying b) annoied c) annoy d) annoyed
14. The children were _____ of the big dog next door.
    a) frightening b) frighten c) frightened d) frightend
15. I could listen to my grandfather for hours — he's so _____.
    a) interesting b) interested c) interest d) intresting

16. The news that the factory might close is very _____ for its workers.

a) worried b) worring c) worry d) worrying

17. I read the email three times, but I still felt _____.

a) confusing b) confuse c) confused d) confuseing

18. What an _____ match! The score changed five times in the last ten minutes.

a) excited b) excitting c) excite d) exciting

19. My little brother keeps taking my phone without asking. He's so _____!

a) annoying b) annoyed c) annoyying d) annoy

20. After a week by the sea, I felt completely _____.

a) relaxing b) relaxed c) relax d) relaxation

21. I'm not _____ in football, so I find the matches on TV _____.

a) interested … boring b) interesting … bored c) interested … bored d) interesting … boring

22. My son is _____ of the dark, and he thinks thunderstorms are _____ too.

a) frightening … frightened b) frightened … frightened c) frightening … frightening d) frightened … frightening

23. The twelve-hour flight was really _____, and we all felt _____ when we landed.

a) tired … tiring b) tiring … tiring c) tiring … tired d) tired … tired

24. Everyone was _____ by the final score — it was the most _____ result of the season.

a) surprising … surprised b) surprised … surprising c) surprised … surprised d) surprising … surprising

25. I was _____ with the hotel — the food was _____ and the room was dirty.

a) disappointing … disappointed b) disappointed … disappointed c) disappointing … disappointing d) disappointed … disappointing

26. Welcher Satz ist richtig?

a) Ella is exciting about her party — it's going to be excited.
b) Ella is excited about her party — it's going to be excited.
c) Ella is excited about her party — it's going to be exciting.
d) Ella is exciting about her party — it's going to be exciting.

27. Welcher Satz ist richtig?

a) It was so embarrassing when my phone rang during the exam.
b) It was so embarrassed when my phone rang during the exam.
c) It was so embarassing when my phone rang during the exam.
d) It was so embarrass when my phone rang during the exam.

28. Welcher Satz ist richtig?

a) Our guide was so bored to listen to that I fell asleep.
b) Our guide was so bore to listen to that I fell asleep.
c) Our guide was so boreing to listen to that I fell asleep.
d) Our guide was so boring to listen to that I fell asleep.

29. Welcher Satz ist richtig?

a) It was terrified to drive through the snow at night.
b) It was terrifying to drive through the snow at night.
c) It was terrify to drive through the snow at night.
d) It was terrifing to drive through the snow at night.

30. Welcher Satz ist richtig?

a) I'm annoying with Sam — his jokes are so annoyed.
b) I'm annoyed with Sam — his jokes are so annoyed.
c) I'm annoying with Sam — his jokes are so annoying.
d) I'm annoyed with Sam — his jokes are so annoying.

Lösungen

Adjektive auf -ed und -ing Übungen · Die Erklärungen sind gekürzt — die interaktive Version mit allen Erklärungen: gramvoy.com/de/uebungen/adjektive-ed-ing/

1. a) bored
Es gab nichts zu tun, und ich selbst hatte das Gefühl, also -ed: got bored.

2. c) boring
Ein Film kann nichts fühlen — er löst das Gefühl aus, also -ing: so boring.

3. b) interested
Sie hat das Gefühl, und zum Gefühl gehört -ed + in: interested in old cars.

4. a) tiring
Die Reise macht müde, also -ing: a long, tiring journey.

5. d) excited
Die Kinder haben das Gefühl (they couldn't sleep), also -ed: so excited about the trip.

6. b) surprised
By nennt die Ursache, also steht bei der Person -ed: surprised by.

7. c) shocking
Preise können nichts fühlen; sie lösen den Schock aus, also -ing: shocking.

8. a) worried
Worry endet auf Konsonant + y, deshalb wird das y vor -ed zu i: worried.

9. b) amazing
Eine Aussicht kann nichts fühlen — sie löst das Gefühl aus, also -ing: was amazing.

10. c) embarrassed
I felt sagt, wie ich mich fühlte, also -ed: embarrassed, mit doppeltem r und doppeltem s — embarassed ist ein häufiger Rechtschreibfehler.

11. b) tired
Look sagt hier, wie sich jemand zu fühlen scheint, also -ed: You look tired.

12. a) frightening
Find + Sache + Adjektiv drückt deine Meinung über den Auslöser des Gefühls aus, also -ing: too frightening.

13. d) annoyed
Tom hat das Gefühl, also -ed: Tom was annoyed that I forgot.

14. c) frightened
Die Kinder haben Angst, und zum Gefühl gehört -ed + of: frightened of the dog.

15. a) interesting
Du hörst ihm gern zu, also löst er das Interesse aus: he's so interesting.

16. d) worrying
Die Nachricht löst die Sorge aus, also -ing: very worrying.

17. c) confused
I still felt beschreibt mein eigenes Gefühl, also -ed: confused.

18. d) exciting
Das Adjektiv beschreibt das Spiel, und ein Spiel löst Spannung aus, also -ing: What an exciting match!

19. a) annoying
Der Bruder löst das Gefühl aus, denn er nimmt ständig mein Handy.

20. b) relaxed
I felt beschreibt mein eigenes Gefühl nach der Woche, also -ed: relaxed.

21. a) interested … boring
Ich habe das Gefühl: interested in; die Spiele lösen es aus: boring.

22. d) frightened … frightening
Der Junge hat Angst: frightened of the dark; Gewitter lösen sie aus: frightening.

23. c) tiring … tired
Der Flug hat das Gefühl ausgelöst, also tiring; we all felt sagt, wie sich die Leute fühlten, also tired.

24. b) surprised … surprising
Die Leute haben das Gefühl: was surprised by; das Ergebnis hat es ausgelöst: surprising.

25. d) disappointed … disappointing
Ich habe das Gefühl: disappointed with the hotel; das Essen hat es ausgelöst: disappointing.

26. c) Ella is excited about her party — it's going to be exciting.
Ella hat das Gefühl: excited about her party; die Party löst es aus: exciting.

27. a) It was so embarrassing when my phone rang during the exam.
It ist die Situation, die das Gefühl ausgelöst hat, also -ing: embarrassing.

28. d) Our guide was so boring to listen to that I fell asleep.
Beim Zuhören habe ich mich gelangweilt, also hat der Reiseleiter das Gefühl ausgelöst: so boring to listen to.

29. b) It was terrifying to drive through the snow at night.
It was … to drive beschreibt das Erlebnis, und das Erlebnis hat die Angst ausgelöst, also -ing: terrifying.

30. d) I'm annoyed with Sam — his jokes are so annoying.
Ich habe das Gefühl: annoyed with Sam; seine Witze lösen es aus: annoying.